



**GRADE 5 SOCIAL STUDIES - UNITED STATES HISTORY**

**Social Studies Pacing Guide**

**Unit 5:** The Civil War

**Time:** 6 Weeks

Developed 2007

Revised 2009

Universal Generalizations	Unit Understandings	Student-Friendly TEKS	Topics/Content	Unit Questions
<p>People from different regions usually have different ideas or goals, which can often times lead to conflict.</p>	<p>Conflict between the North and South increased as a result of economic differences and labor needs.</p> <p><b>concepts:</b> sectionalism, economic differences, geography, supply/demand</p>	<p>I can name and explain the major events that led to the Civil War as well as the effects the Civil War had on America. <b>(5.4D)</b></p>	<p><b>Economic Issues</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Differences grow between the North and South</li> <li>Industry in the North</li> <li>Agriculture in the South</li> </ul> <p><b>vocabulary:</b> plantation, industry, sectionalism</p>	<p>How did the different ways of life (socially and economically) increase the tension between the North and South?</p>
<p>People may have such strong opinions about certain issues that it may affect their way of life.</p>	<p>The North and South had differing views over the issue of slavery, which divided the country and led to the southern states seceding from the Union.</p> <p><b>concepts:</b> abolitionism, slavery</p>	<p>I can name and explain the major events that led to the Civil War as well as the effects the Civil War had on America. <b>(5.4D)</b></p>	<p><b>Slavery</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Economic necessity of slaves in the South</li> <li>Abolitionists in the North</li> <li>Fugitive Slaves</li> <li>Underground Railroad</li> <li>Bleeding Kansas</li> <li>John Brown, Harriet Tubman</li> </ul> <p><b>vocabulary:</b> fugitive, slave code, Underground Railroad, abolitionist</p>	<p>Was slavery an economic or moral issue? Why?</p> <p>Why did owners create slave codes and what impact did it have on the success of the institution of slavery?</p>
<p>The failure of compromise may make conflict necessary.</p>	<p>The repeated failure of compromise led to the division of the North and South.</p> <p><b>concepts:</b> compromise, states rights, secession, civil war</p>	<p>I can name and explain the major events that led to the Civil War as well as the effects the Civil War had on America. <b>(5.4D)</b></p>	<p><b>Failure of Compromise</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whether to permit slavery in the territories</li> <li>Growing political differences</li> <li>The election of Lincoln</li> <li>Missouri Compromise, Compromise of 1850</li> <li>Civil War Battles</li> <li>Ft. Sumter to Union Victory at Appomattox</li> <li>Emancipation Proclamation</li> <li>Gettysburg Address</li> </ul> <p><b>vocabulary:</b> free state, slave state, secession, Confederacy, Kansas Nebraska Act, Fugitive slave Law, border state, Union, blockade</p>	<p>Do you feel there could ever be a compromise over the issue of slavery? Explain.</p> <p>How did emancipating the slaves affect the outcome of the war?</p>
<p>Winners in a conflict usually get to have their way.</p>	<p>The victory of the North led to several amendments designed to insure the rights of African Americans</p> <p><b>concepts:</b> amendment, segregation</p>	<p>I can summarize the 13<sup>th</sup>, 14<sup>th</sup>, and 15<sup>th</sup> amendments as well as tell why they were created. <b>(5.4E)</b></p>	<p>Civil War Amendments</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>13<sup>th</sup> Amendment</li> <li>14<sup>th</sup> Amendment</li> <li>15<sup>th</sup> Amendment</li> <li>Segregation in the South</li> </ul>	<p>Did the Civil War bring the ex-slaves to full equality as Americans?</p> <p>Why do you suppose that women still did not have the right to vote?</p>

			<b>vocabulary:</b> sharecropping, equal rights, assassination, black codes Reconstruction, segregation, impeachment	Why do we experience racial problems in America even with these amendments?
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